1 2 3 4 5 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 6 7 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 8 United States of America, 9 No. CR 10 Plaintiff, PRETRIAL CONFERENCE 11 v. 12 13 Defendant(s). 14 15 Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 17.1, a Final Pretrial Conference 16 has been set for ______ in Courtroom 502, Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Federal 17 Courthouse, 401 W. Washington St., Phoenix, Arizona 85003. In preparation for the 18 Final 19 Pretrial Conference, it is hereby ordered: 20 1. Attendance Required. The attorneys (or pro se parties) who will be 21 responsible for the trial of the case, as well as the defendant, must attend the Final Pretrial 22 Conference. The attendees must bring their calendars and be prepared to discuss trial 23 scheduling. 24 2. Joint Pretrial Memorandum. The parties must jointly develop and file with 25 the Clerk of Court, at least seven days before the Final Pretrial Conference, a Joint 26 Pretrial Memorandum. The parties must exchange drafts of the Joint Pretrial 27 Memorandum no later than seven days before the submission deadline. The Joint 28 Pretrial Memorandum must include the information prescribed in the "Joint Pretrial

Memorandum" form that is available at www.azd.uscourts.gov under: Judges' Information → Orders, Forms and Procedures → Desai, Sharad H. The information may not be set forth in the form of a question and must be presented in concise narrative statements.

- 3. <u>Notices Of Intent</u>. All Notices of the Government's Intent to Use Evidence must be filed and served at least **seven days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. Untimely notices are subject to being summarily denied or stricken by the Court.
- 4. <u>Expert Disclosures</u>. For expert witness testimony a party intends to use during its case in chief at trial, the party must disclose the information required by Rule 16(a)(1)(G) or Rule 16(b)(1)(C) no later than **45 days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. For expert witness testimony a party intends to use to rebut expert witness testimony disclosed by the opposing party, the party must disclose the information required by Rule16(a)(1)(G) or Rule 16(b)(1)(C) no later than **30 days** before the Final Pretrial Conference.
- 5. <u>Marking of Exhibits</u>. The parties must meet in person to exchange marked copies of all exhibits to be used at trial no later than **seven days** before the submission deadline for the Final Pretrial Conference. During this meeting, the parties also must eliminate any duplicate exhibits.¹ Further information about the Court's exhibit marking procedures can be found in the document entitled "Exhibit Marking Instructions," which is available at www.azd.uscourts.gov under: Judges' Info → Orders, Forms and Procedures → Standard Forms Used by All Phoenix Judges.

During trial, the parties must advise the Courtroom Deputy in advance which exhibits will be needed for each witness. All exhibits must be shown to opposing counsel

During the in-person meeting, the exhibits must be in the exact physical form that will be used at trial. In other words, if a party intends to offer a paper exhibit at trial, that party must have a marked paper copy at the in-person meeting, not an electronic copy. Also, the parties should mark their exhibits exactly as they intend to offer them at trial. During trial, exhibits will be admitted or rejected in their entirety. Thus, if any part of an exhibit is objectionable, it will be excluded in its entirety. The parties will not be permitted to break offered exhibits into admissible sub-parts if an objection is sustained.

before being offered.

6. <u>Motions in Limine, Daubert Motions, and Trial Memoranda.</u> The parties must file all motions in limine no later than **fourteen days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. Each party may file no more than ten motions in limine. Responses must be filed no later than **seven days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. No replies are permitted. Each motion in limine must include proposed language for the order being sought from the Court, and the proposed language must state with precision the evidence that is subject to the proposed order and the limitation or exclusion placed on the evidence. Each motion and response must not exceed three pages in length. Each motion must include a certification pursuant to LRCiv 7.2(l). *See* LRCrim 12.1(a). Counsel shall be prepared to argue the merits of such motions at the Final Pretrial Conference.

The parties must file all motions challenging the admissibility of expert testimony no later than **fourteen days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. Responses must be filed no later than **seven days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. Replies must be filed no later than **three days** before the Final Pretrial Conference. LRCiv 7.2(e) governs the briefing of such motions. Counsel shall be prepared to argue the merits of such motions at the Final Pretrial Conference.

The Court notes that trial memoranda often serve as a better vehicle than motions in limine for parties to address anticipated evidentiary issues. Trial memoranda of no more than seventeen pages may be filed on the same date the parties file the Joint Pretrial Memorandum. Trial memoranda may be used for parties to brief, in advance of trial, their position as to the admissibility of particular pieces of evidence (or categories of evidence). Additionally, trial memoranda may be used to brief other types of issues that are anticipated to arise at trial, such as claims related to the sufficiency of the evidence. The Court thus encourages the parties to carefully assess whether issues that might be raised in a motion in limine would be better raised in a trial memorandum. The Court further encourages the parties to raise in a trial memorandum *any* issues the Court should be aware of before trial.

- 7. Other Case-Related Documents. The parties must, at least **seven days** before the Final Pretrial Conference, file the following documents and (and submit copies of these documents in Word format to Desai_chambers@azd.uscourts.gov):
 - a. A stipulated joint statement of the case, which will be read to the jury during voir dire.
 - b. A joint master list of the names of every witness who may be called at trial, , along with pronunciation information for uncommon names, to be used during voir dire.
 - c. Joint proposed forms of verdict, including any proposed special verdict forms or juror interrogatories.
 - d. A joint set of proposed jury instructions. The parties must set forth the full text of each proposed jury instruction and must indicate when the instruction should be given (e.g., preliminary, midtrial, and/or final). The joint set must be organized into four sections based on the following categories:
 - (1) A list of all applicable Ninth Circuit Model Criminal Jury which Instructions, available are at http://www3.ce9.uscourts.gov/jury-instructions/modelcriminal. If a model instruction is requested by both parties, the instruction shall be preceded by "ST" (stipulated-to). If the instruction is requested by only one party, the instruction shall be preceded by either "PL" (the Government) or "DF" For model instructions that have bracketed (defendant). options or placeholders, the parties shall insert the information required for the placeholder and indicate to which bracketed option(s) the parties have stipulated. If the parties modify model instructions in any other way, they should indicate any changes.

- (2) Any non-model instructions to which the parties have stipulated, with only one instruction per page.
- (3) Any non-model instructions requested by the Government (numbered consecutively), with only one instruction per page. The Government shall include citation to authority to support the requested instruction. Defendant shall state all objections to such instruction immediately following the instruction and authority cited by the Government. Defendant shall support any objection with citation to authority. If Defendant offers an alternative instruction, such alternative instruction shall immediately follow the objection.
- (4) Any non-model instructions requested by defendant (numbered consecutively), with only one instruction per page. Defendant shall include citation to authority to support the requested instruction. The Government shall state all objections to such instruction immediately following the instruction and the authority cited by Defendant. The Government shall support any objection with citation to authority. If the Government offers an alternative instruction, such alternative instruction shall immediately follow the Government's objection.
- 8. <u>Juror Questionnaires</u>: The Court uses the Juror Questionnaire available at www.azd.uscourts.gov under: Judges' Information → Orders, Forms and Procedures → Desai, Sharad H. The parties shall meet and confer and jointly prepare a proposed Juror Questionnaire that includes the following:
 - a. A stipulated joint statement of the case after Question 1.
 - b. No more than three supplemental questions, with no subparts, proposed by the Government to be added at and after Question 25.

Defendant shall briefly state any objection to a proposed question immediately following the question, and the Government shall briefly respond after Defendant's objection.

c. No more than three supplemental questions, with no subparts, proposed by Defendant to be added after the supplemental questions proposed by the Government. The Government shall briefly state any objection to a proposed question immediately following the question, and Defendant shall briefly respond after the objection.

The Court may modify the joint statement and may not approve all questions proposed by the parties. The parties must file the proposed Juror Questionnaire and provide it to the Court in Word format to Desai_chambers@azd.uscourts.gov no later than **six weeks** before the Final Pretrial Conference.

Prior to the Final Pretrial Conference, the Court will make the responses to the Juror Questionnaire available to the parties and will provide additional instructions.

- 9. <u>Information for Court Reporter</u>. To facilitate the creation of an accurate record, please prepare a "Notice to Court Reporter" **seven days** before the Final Pretrial Conference containing the following information:
 - a. Proper names, including those of witnesses.
 - b. Acronyms.
 - c. Geographic locations.
 - d. Technical (including medical) terms, names, or jargon.
 - e. Case names and citations.
 - f. Phonetic spelling of unusual or difficult words or names.

This notice need not be filed but must be provided via e-mail to Kim Portik at Kim_Portik@azd.uscourts.gov and to Desai_chambers@azd.uscourts.gov. Counsel also must advise the Court Reporter as soon as possible if they would like to receive a real-time feed or daily turnaround transcript of the proceedings.

10. <u>Delivery of Final Exhibits</u>. Counsel shall contact the Courtroom Deputy,

Robert_Vasquez@azd.uscourts.gov, **seven days before trial** to arrange for counsel or their representative to deliver finalized and marked copies of all exhibits. The finalized exhibits must be delivered to the Courtroom Deputy at least **48 hours** before trial.

11. <u>Plea Agreement Deadline</u>. The parties are advised that absent unusual circumstances, the Court will not accept a plea agreement entered after noon on the Friday before trial. It is therefore ordered that the parties shall notify the Court and have scheduled a change of plea hearing **before noon on the Friday before trial** should they wish to present a plea agreement to the Court. In all other circumstances, counsel shall notify the Court immediately if settlement is reached.

1 /